

BRAZIL

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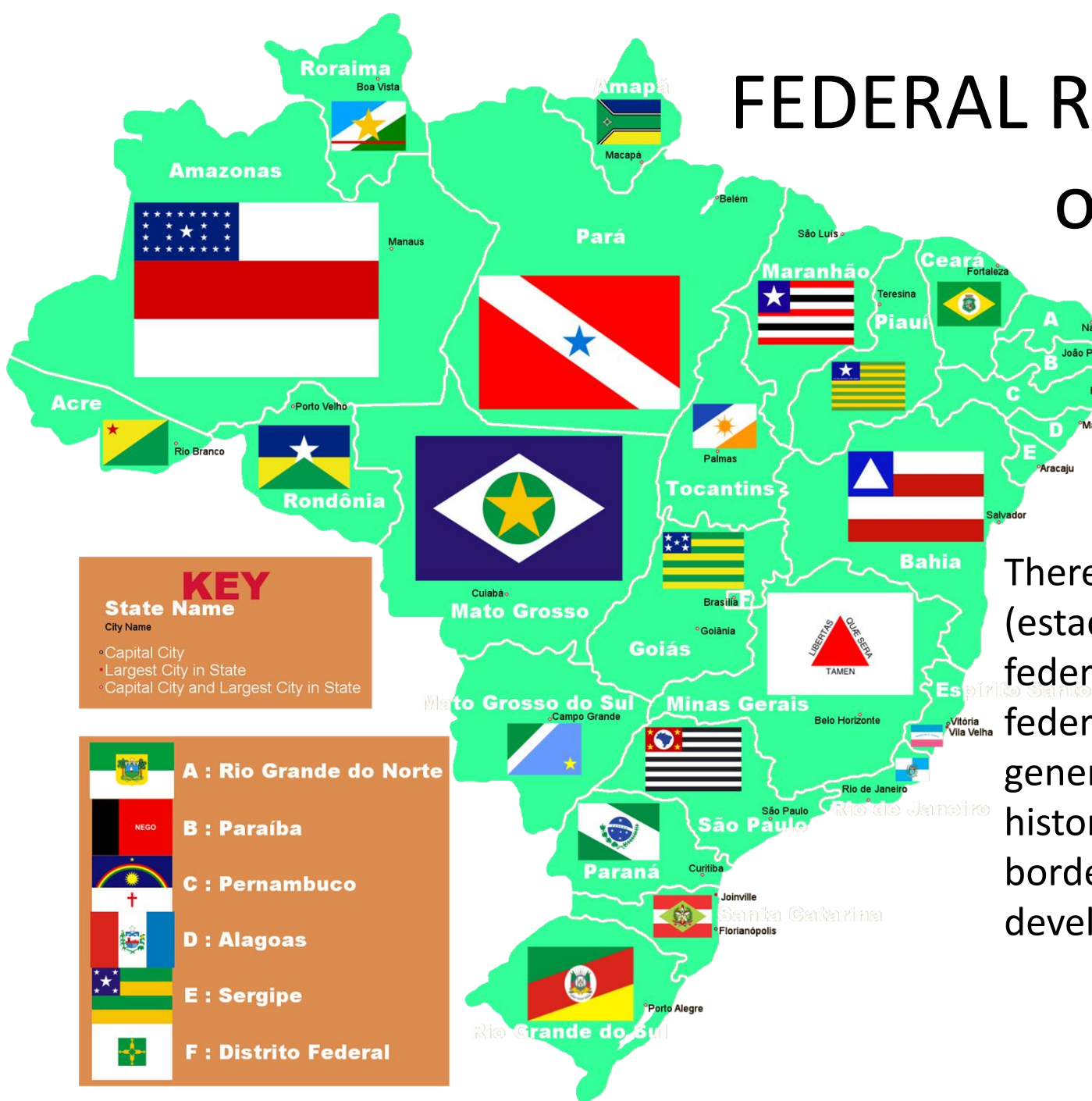
Brazil is **5th largest**
country in the world.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- **OFFICIAL NAME:** Federal Republic of Brazil
- **FORM OF GOVERNMENT:** Democratic federal republic
- **CAPITAL:** Brasilia
- **POPULATION:** 212,559,417
- **OFFICIAL LANGUAGE:** Portuguese
- **MONEY:** Real
- **AREA:** 8,511,965 square kilometers



FEDERAL REPUBLIC of BRAZIL



Brazilian national anthem



There are 26 **states** (estados) and one federal district (distrito federal). The **states** are generally based on historical, conventional borders which have developed over time.

KEY

State Name

City Name

- Capital City
- Largest City in State
- Capital City and Largest City in State



A : Rio Grande do Norte

B : Paraíba

C : Pernambuco

D : Alagoas

E : Sergipe

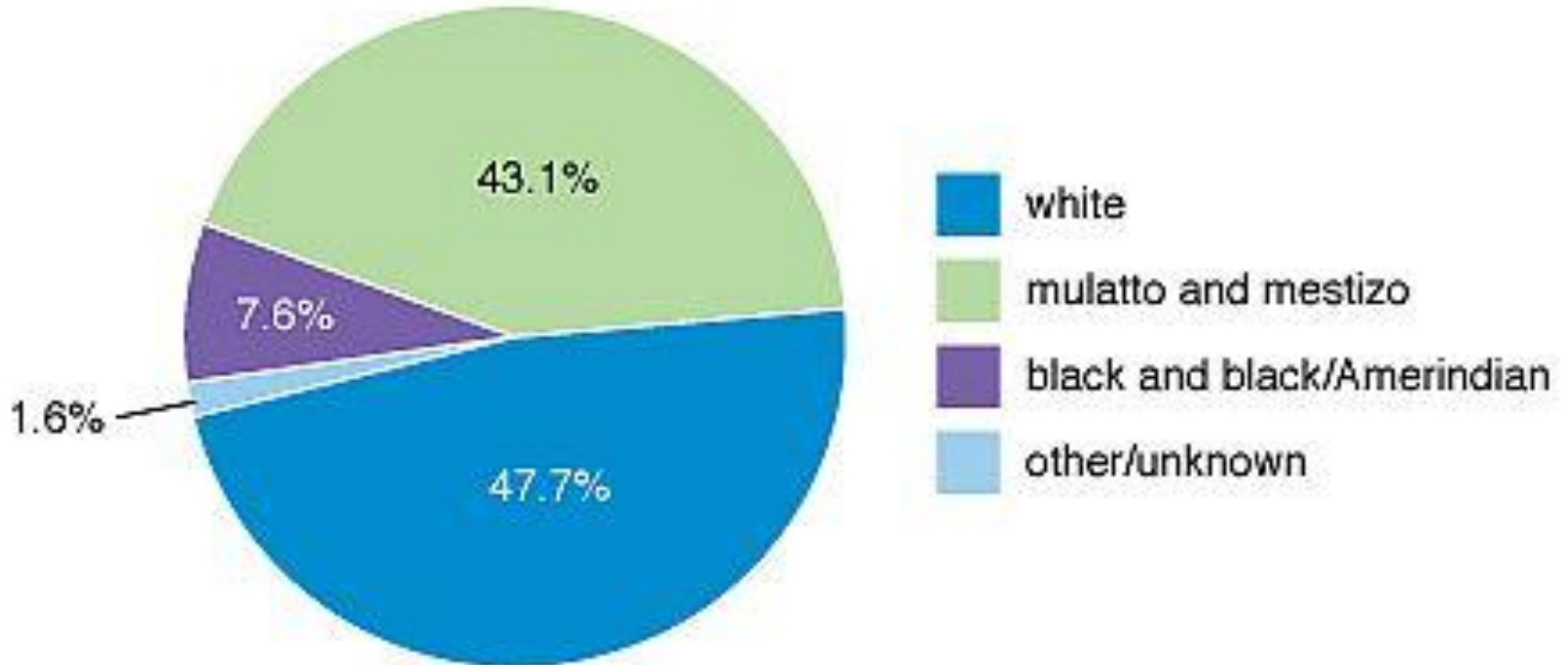
F : Distrito Federal

PEOPLE

- 212,559,417 people
- Nearly 90% people live in cities
- **6th largest** population in the world
- Almost exclusively concentrated near the coasts
- Sao Paulo is the largest city in Brazil



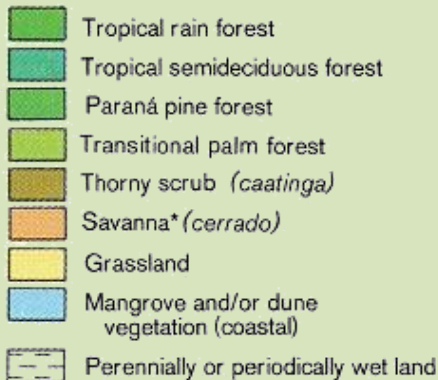
ETHNIC GROUPS in BRAZIL



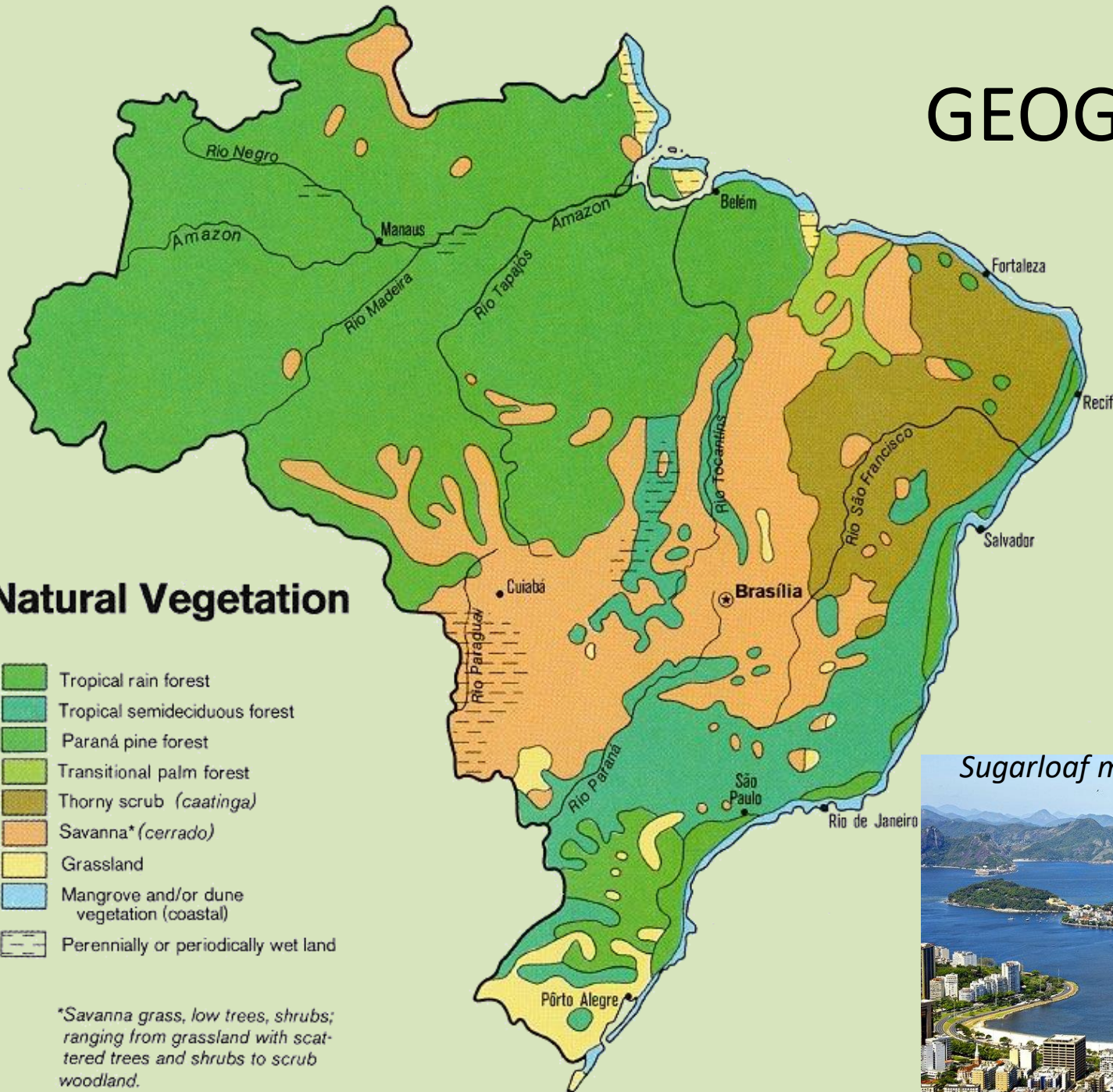
GEOGRAPHY

The Brazilian landscape is very varied. It is most well known for its dense forests, including the **Amazon, the world's largest jungle**, in the north.

Natural Vegetation



*Savanna grass, low trees, shrubs; ranging from grassland with scattered trees and shrubs to scrub woodland.



Sugarloaf mountain



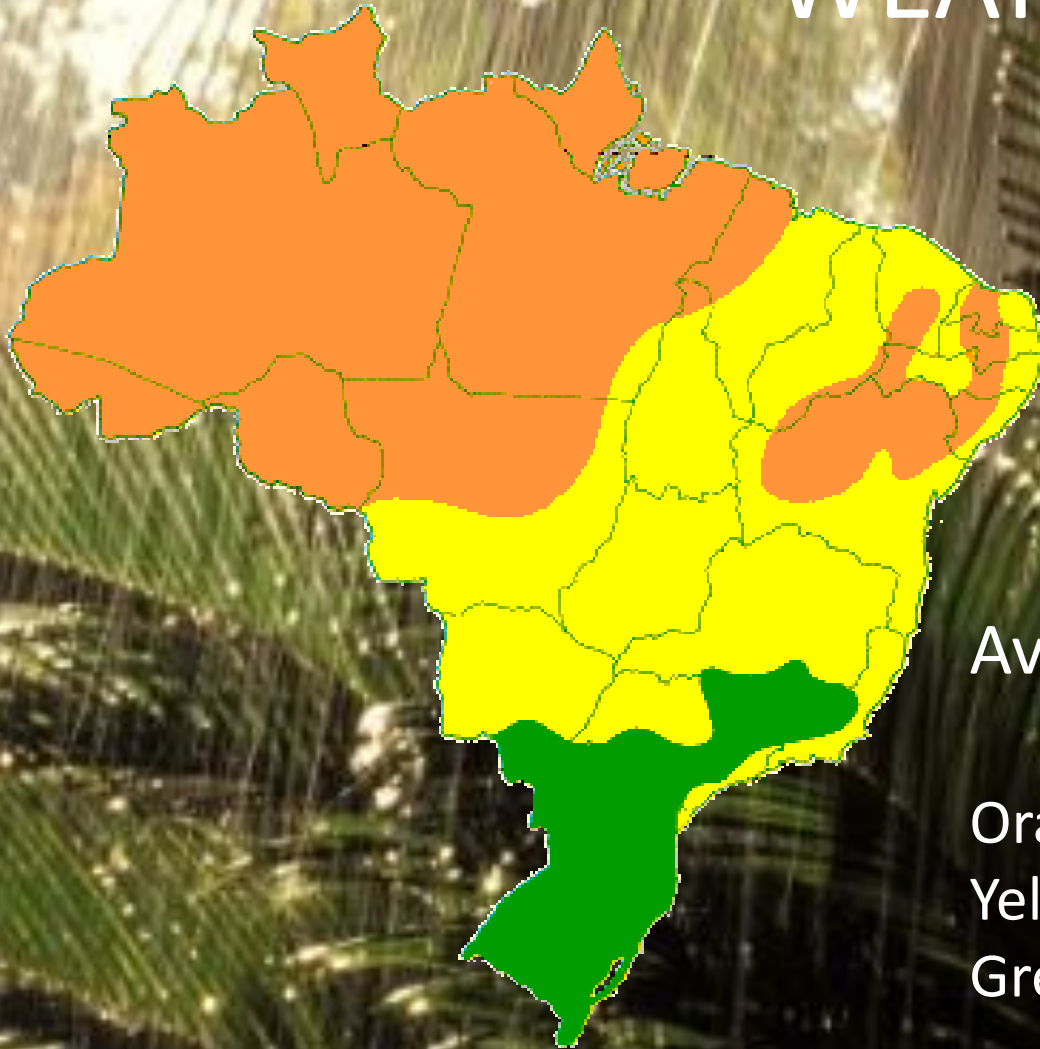


Brazil has the greatest variety of animals of any country in the world. It is home to 600 mammal species, 1,500 fish species, 1,600 bird species, and an amazing 100,000 different types of insects. Brazil's jungles are home to most of its animal life, but many unique species also live in the pampas and semidesert regions.



Most of Brazil's rain forest is now gone, and huge tracts are disappearing every year.

WEATHER IN BRAZIL



Average temperature

Orange : Above 25°C

Yellow: Between 20°C and 25°C

Green: Below 20°C

AGRICULTURE and INDUSTRY

Economic Activity

- AGRICULTURE**
(Selected commercial items)
- Coffee
 - Cocoa
 - Sugarcane
 - Cotton
 - Lumbering and reforestation
 - Rice
 - Babassu oilseeds
 - Brazil nuts
 - Tobacco
 - Rubber
 - Corn
 - Cattle
 - Soybeans

- MINES AND DEPOSITS**
- Fe** Iron
 - Mn** Manganese
 - W** Tungsten
 - B** Beryl
 - Q** Quartz crystals
 - D** Diamonds and other precious stones
 - Bx** Bauxite
 - C** Coal
 - P** Petroleum
 - CT** Columbian-tantalum

- INDUSTRY**
- Food processing
 - Textiles and clothing
 - Iron, steel, and ferroalloys
 - Industrial machinery and equipment
 - Transportation equipment
 - Rubber products
 - Chemical-pharmaceutical
 - Forestry products
 - Cement
 - Petroleum refining
 - Shipyard
 - Major powerplant
 - Telecommunications and electronic equipment
 - Petrochemical fertilizer

Major industries include iron and steel production, automobile assembly, petroleum processing, chemicals production, and cement making. Brazil became the world's largest exporter of coffee, soybeans, beef, and crop-based ethanol.







CULTURE



As consequence of three centuries of colonization by the Portuguese empire, the core of Brazilian culture is derived from the culture of Portugal. The numerous Portuguese inheritances include the language, cuisine items such as rice and beans and *feijoada*, the predominant religion and the colonial architectural styles.



The Christ Redeemer Statue in Rio de Janeiro is one of the 7 Wonders of the World.



Samba is among the most popular music genres in Brazil and is widely regarded as the country's national musical style. 📢

Brazilians are renowned for their love of dance and music. The most famous is the **Brazil** festival in Rio de Janeiro.

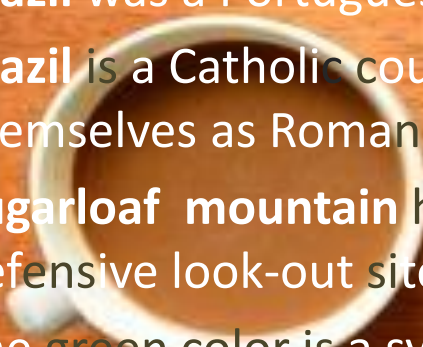


Football is the most popular sport in Brazil.



INTERESTING FACTS

- **São Paulo** is the largest city in the southern hemisphere.
- **Brazil** has more animal and plant species than any other country in the world. **Amazon jungle** contains nearly 90% of the world animals. Amazon rainforest cover up 50% of Brazil.
- **Brazil** has been the largest producer of coffee for the last 150 years.
- **Brazil** was a Portuguese colony for 322 years.
- **Brazil** is a Catholic country, with about 64% of the population identifying themselves as Roman Catholic.
- **Sugarloaf mountain** has long been a key landmark for sailors and a defensive look-out site to protect against invaders.
- The green color is a symbol of the forests, the yellow represents gold, and the blue globe and stars symbolize the night sky filled with stars and constellations that also stands for the country's states.
- **Brazil** is named after Brasilwood tree
- Brazil's unofficial national dish is a thick stew called '**feijoada**', made with black beans ('feijao') and **pork**. The recipe came to Brazil with the slaves who arrived from Africa in the 16th century.



RESOURCES

- <https://kids.nationalgeographic.com>
- <https://www.britannica.com>
- <https://en.wikipedia.org>
- <https://www.travel-brazil-selection.com>

